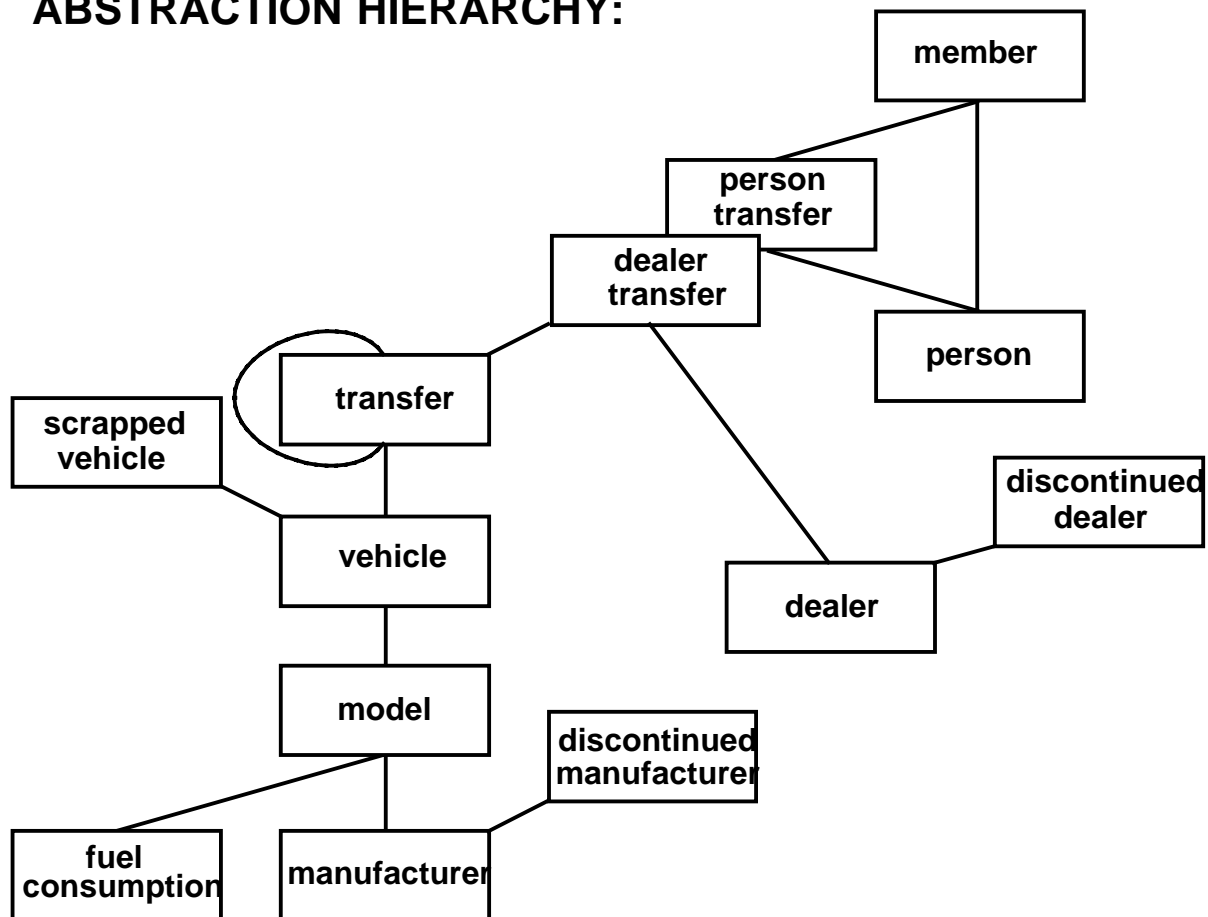

CASE STUDY 2: VEHICLE REGISTRATION

TYPE DEFINITIONS:

<i>type</i> manufacturer	= company name, address, town, country, founding_date, permit, ...
<i>type</i> disc.manufacturer	= [manufacturer], disc_date, reason, ...
<i>type</i> dealer	= name, address, town, ...
<i>type</i> disc.dealer	= [dealer], disc_date, reason, trustee, ...
<i>type</i> person	= name, address, town, ...
<i>type</i> model	= name, manufacturer, fuel_consumption, ...
<i>type</i> vehicle	= model, serial_number, registration number, production_year, ...
<i>type</i> scrapped vehicle	= [vehicle], scrapping_date, ...
<i>type</i> transfer	= previous_transfer, vehicle, date, type
<i>type</i> dealer transfer	= [transfer], dealer
<i>type</i> person transfer	= [transfer], person
<i>type</i> member	= person transfer, person
<i>type</i> fuel consumption	= year, consumption.

CASE STUDY 2: VEHICLE REGISTRATION

ABSTRACTION HIERARCHY:



EXERCISES:

- 1 Assume that up to five manufacturers are allowed at any moment. Apply this constraint by using a static specification.
- 4 Provide the commands determining manufacturers failing to conform to fuel consumption requirements.
- 5 Provide the commands identifying dealers purchasing vehicles from more than three manufacturers.